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TITLE: COLD PROTECTION OF LANDSCAPE PLANTS

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When a severe or sudden freeze is forecast and you know there are plants in your landscape susceptible to the cold, here are a few suggestions for helping them survive the ordeal:

- Old sheets or blankets can be thrown over plants to help trap and hold in heat
 from the soil and to protect them from the cold wind. Make certain the bottom of
 the covering is left open to the ground to help trap heat rising from the soil.
 Cardboard boxes placed over plants and held in place with a brick are also an
 excellent covering. Place the covering on during the late afternoon and remove it
 by mid-morning the next day.
- The graft union of newly planted roses, camellias, ornamental plums and
 ornamental cherries are most susceptible to freeze damage. One way of protecting
 them is by constructing a circular frame of chicken wire or hardware to wrap the
 graft union area (the swollen area near the base) with several layers of newspaper
 secured with cloth tape.
- Make certain all plants are well-mulched. If two or three inches of a mulching material are already in place and a severe freeze threatens, add two or three more inches for extra protection.
- Continue watering throughout the winter, at least once every two weeks if it
 doesn't rain. Our most severe freezes occur when cold, drying winds from the
 northwest combine with freezing temperatures. Plants can easily dehydrate if
 moisture is not present for the roots to absorb. Water also helps trap and hold heat
 in the soil.
- Avoid icing over plants. Spraying plants with water during a freeze to create a
 thick coating of ice is not a recommended practice for the home landscape. A
 heavy accumulation of ice can cause limb breakage and severe physical damage

to trees and shrubs. Also, during a severe freeze with high winds, ice will evaporate and actually pull heat from the plant causing the internal temperature of the plant to fall far below 32 degrees F.

Take precautions with your plants during a freeze.